Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.] THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1804. [No. 959.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate } in boxes,
White and brown Soap } in boxes,
Mould and dip'd Candles } in boxes,
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.
ALSO,
A variety of DRY GOODS,
Among which are,
Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Ruffels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
And sundry other Articles.
P. G. MARSTELLER.

January 9.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks
Wine in pipes and quarter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and
ALSO,
A variety of DRY GOODS,
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

January 9.

Tunis Craven,

Has just received and is now opening at his store in King-Street a few doors above Messrs. Bennet and Watts's, a handsome assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of superfine broad cloths, and cassimeres, coating, forest cloth, kersey, and halfthicks, striped and rose blankets, frizes, flannels, toilinett and swandowns, Russia sheeting, ravens duck, dowlas, creas and ticklenburgs, brown and white platillas, Irish linen, long lawn and fine cotton shirting, an elegant assortment of cambric muslins, white and coloured fine India mull mull and sprigg do. fashionable chintz and calicoes, furniture do. ladies extra long cotton gloves, French and English silk pick nick, & lace do. 6 4 sattin stripe and fancy bordered cambric shawls, white and coloured camel's hair do. patent sewing cotton threads, laces, bobbin, &c. &c. The above goods will be disposed of on the usual terms for cash.

Nov. 21. d

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received by the Ann from Liverpool and Atalanta, via Baltimore, from London,

FALL GOODS,

which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

Sept 30. d

For Sale or Rent.

A convenient two story brick house, completely finished, situated on Water street, between King and Prince Streets—immediate possession will be given. Apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE.

Nov. 30. dtf.

JAMES BACON,

At his Store on King Street, within one door of Washington-Street, has just received, a quantity of well assorted

PATENT SHOT,

which, with a general assortment of Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Wines, Brandy, Spirits, and generally every other article in the grocery line, he offers for sale on the most moderate terms.

Oct. 15. d

JUST RECEIVED,

First quality

Bloom and Muscatel Raisins by the box,
Prunes by the box,
Olives by the box,
Grapes by the jar or smaller quantity,
Sweet Oranges, and
A general assortment of Groceries, &c.

T. SIMMS.

Just Received,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins by the box,
Fresh Prunes, English Grapes by the jar or pound,
Olives just from Malaga,
English Walnuts and Figs,
Large Oranges, Limes and Lemons,
R. I. Apples by the barrel,
Do. Cheese, Potatoes, Cranberries,
Onions, and best dried Codfish for family use.

A. WILLIS.

Dec. 13. d

Window Glass.

The Subscribers have received and offer for sale, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, window glass, from the Baltimore Manufactory. The quality is excellent, and it will be sold at the Baltimore prices. They expect to receive very shortly, larger sizes from the same place.

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Dec. 2. d

WILLIAM LADD

Has imported in the latest ships from England and Ireland, an assortment of

Irish Linens and Woollen Goods,

suitable to the season.

Oct. 17.

JUST PUBLISHED

By COTTOM AND STEWART, *and for Sale at their Store.*

DEATH ABOLISHED;

A SERMON,

Occasioned by the sickness which prevailed at Alexandria, during the months of August, September, and October; giving a detail of that sickness, and of some of the views of Providence, in such calamitous visitations.

With an Appendix,

Containing facts, relative to the origin of the sickness, the extent of the mortality, the labors of the Committee of Health, and the contributions for the relief of the poor.

By James Muir, D. D.

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

December 1. d

JONAH THOMPSON & SON

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the late arrivals, their assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which are now opening at their Warehouse the upper end of Fairfax street.

Oct 26 3m

A NEW PAMPHLET.

Just received and for sale at this office, (price 25 Cents.)

A Refutation of the Charges

Made by a writer under the signature of "Veritas," against the character of

GABRIEL JONES:

The lately acknowledged author being the Hon. *Philip Grymes*, Member of the Council of State.

In which every charge or insinuation against him in that libel is fully and clearly refuted.

Jan. 3. d

FOR RENT,

That Large & Convenient

THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

near the Treasury Office,

at present occupied by William Rhodes, as a TAVERN;

The stand as such, is so well known, that it is deemed unnecessary to give any further description of it—immediate possession will be given, and terms made known, by applying near the Georgetown College.

MARY ANN FENWICK.

George Town, Jan. 7, 1804. law3w

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

HAVE RETURNED TO TOWN,

And are now opening, and will be ready for sale in a few days,

Their Fall supply of Goods:

Consisting of superfine cloths, second do. coatings, fearnoughts, duffile blankets, point and roll do. striped kerseys, plaids, half thicks, cadders, kerseymeres, swandowns, velvets, corduroys and thicksetts, Scotch carpeting, Brussels do. ruffa and corded dimities, canvas and twine, German linens, seine and sewing twine, threads and sewing silks.

And have on Hand,

70 hhds. Sugar,
4 do. Jamaica Rum,
12000 lbs. Green Coffee,
2000 bushels salt.

Oct. 26. d

TOWNSEND & PLUMB

Respectfully inform the public that they have just received and opened for sale, on Fairfax street, near the corner of Prince street, a handsome assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens'

SHOES:

Ladies' kid, Morocco and leather, with and without heels.
Spangled kid, with and without heels.
Misses Morocco and leather.
Mens' fine and coarse Shoes.
Boys' do. do.
Childrens' Morocco and leather, with a number of other kinds of shoes wholesale and retail.

Great attention will be paid to those who will please to favour them with their custom.

Oct. 29. d3m

Malaga Wine, Raisins, &c.

Just received, per the brig Celia, Capt. Bowen, from Malaga,
100 quarter casks Malaga Wine,
100 half qr. do.
20 qr. casks Mountain Wine of a superior quality,
50 baskets Almonds,
100 frails Figs,
150 quarter bls. Raisins,
200 boxes Muscatel do.
200 do. Bloom do.
15 boxes Lemons,

which will begin landing this day at our wharf.

J. and T. Vowell.

Who have also on Hand,

FOR SALE ON READ WHOLE TERMS.

Jamaica Spirit entitled to drawback, Muscovado Sugar in tierces and bls. superior old Port Wine, do. Madeira do. Turks Island Salt, mould Candles, 40 bls. prime new Beef, Russia Duck, white Russia Sheeting, Drillings, Ravens duck, &c. &c.

Dec. 9. d

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Has for sale at the corner of Prince and Union Streets,
9 bales India cottons
One case bandanna handkerchiefs,
China, Longee and Pulicat do.
30 pieces Black Satin,
2 cases fur hats,
Table and tea sets china,
Barrels East India Sugar,
Kegs raisins, dipped candles and soap,
Country gin, Malaga wine,
Red sole leather, and about 3 tons first quality Russia cordage, well assorted, which will be sold cheap.

Dec. 5. d

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,

AT HIS STORE ON KIRK'S WHARF, LOWER END OF WOLF STREET,

New-England Potatoes,
Coarse Salt,
Midlings and Shoulders of Bacon on very low terms,
Ready made Bags,
Bar Iron,
Philadelphia Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Indian Meal, Rye Meal,
Shorts and Bran,
Superfine Flour in barrels and half barrels,

Large and small vessels may be conveniently accommodated with Wharfage on moderate terms.

STORES to let on the Wharf, or goods received in them on Storage.

A large STORE on Hoe's Wharf to sell or let—with the privilege of receiving and shipping goods free of wharfage.

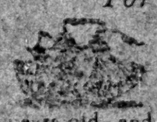
A small HOUSE on Water Street next door to Major Munnaller's, for sale.

A number of LOTS in good situations for sale or to let on ground rent.

Alex. 12th mo. 20th. eotf

☞ Printing in all its variety executed at this office.

For Charter or Sale,



THE SHIP

PRESIDENT,

About 240 tons burthen—Two years old, and a fast sailer.

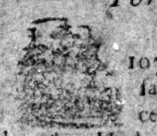
For sale on very moderate terms if taken away immediately,

About 1500 bushels Lisbon Salt,
And 50 barrels PORK.

WM. HODGSON.

Dec. 20. d

For Sale or Charter,



The Schooner Patience,

107 tons burthen, fifteen months old, sails fast and is in fine order to receive a cargo. For terms apply on board at Herbert's wharf, or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

Dec. 10. d

For BOSTON,

The Schooner POLLY,

JOSHUA BANGS, Master,

Will sail in five days.

For freight or passage apply to the master on board at Lawrason and Smoot's wharf, or to

JOHN G. LADD.

December 17. d4

Just Received and for Sale by

JOSIAH FAXON, & Co.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ:

6 pipes Cogniac 4th proof Brandy,
8 puncheons N. E. Rum,
8 barrels do.
100 boxes Mould Candles,
40 do. dipt,
30 boxes Bown Soap,
49 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston Pork,
30 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Beef,
26 bbls. Nova Scotia Herrings,
200 nests Sugar Boxes,
8 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards,
24 reams Wraping Paper,
150 tons Nova Scotia Plaister Paris,
30 tons French ditto,
400 bushels Turks Island Salt,
40 kegs James River manufactured Tobacco.

The above articles will be sold on moderate terms for cash.

A general assortment of SHOES as usual.

Cash given for Corn, Rye and Tobacco.

Freight Wanted,

For the SCHOONER

PHILIP.

She will take freight to the West Indies or any part of the continent. Please apply as above.

Jan 7. eo2w

BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun.

Has just received and for Sale,
40 barrels No. 1 Beef,
4 pipes Cogniac Brandy,
45 bags Pepper,
6 boxes womens' Morocco Shoes,
And a handsome assortment of India GOODS.

Dec. 27. d

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 29th of October last, a negro man slave named

BOB,

about 20 years of age, five feet nine inches high, straight limbed and well formed; said slave has an impediment in his speech which prevents his readily replying to a question. He commonly wears ear-rings. He took with him a variety of good cloathing, a description of which is unnecessary, as it is probable he has changed them. He has been frequently seen about town since he absconded, and in all probability is now secreted by his mother, Winney Brown, formerly the slave of Mr. JOHN MUIR, late of this town, but now said to be free. The above reward will be paid for securing said Negro BOB, in any goal, and a further reward of TEN DOLLARS for the discovery of those who have been accessary to his concealment.

Captain's of vessels, &c. are forwarned at their peril, not to take him away.

ROBERT B. JAMESSON.

Nov. 15. d

For Sale,

Ten acres of LAND in Fee Simple, on the hill near Col. Peyton's—also a small house and lot on Washington street, between King and Prince streets.

THO'S PATTEN.

January 3, 1804. 2w8t

Dancing Assemblies.

☞ *The Alexandria* Dancing Aſſemblies *will commence on* Thurſday *the 12th day of January*, 1804, *at* Gadſby's Hotel. *Subſcribers are requeſted to pay their Subcriptions to Mr. Gadſby, Treaſurer.*

The Managers.

January 2, 1804.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT an ELECTION for Fifteen Directors of the *Marine Inſurance Company of Alexandria*, will be held at the Court Houſe in Alexandria, on Monday the 16th day of January next.

By Order.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'ry.

☞ Mr. A. Davis, at Richmond, and Mr. T. Green, Fredericksburg, will pleaſe publiſh the foregoing in their papers until the day of the Election.

Dec. 22. eo

☞ NOTA BENE.

No transfers of Stock will be received for the three days next preceding the day of election.

Jan. 10. d

Madeira Wine.

16 pipes London particular Wine,
2 qr. caſks do. do.
Received per ſch'r Ploughby, via Norfolk, for ſale on a liberal credit by

J. and T. Vowell.

Jan. 6. d

TO RENT,

A three ſtory brick WAREHOUSE, ſituate at the lower end of King ſtreet. Enquire of the Printer.

Dec. 22. d

Juſt Received from R. Iſland,

Freſh Apples in bls.
And Cyder and Cheeſe.

A. WILLIS.

Jan. 2. d

Morocco Leather.

One caſe very handſome Black Morocco Leather, for ſale by

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Jan. 10. d

FOR SALE,

A young Negro Woman,

with one child about 8 months old. The woman is an excellent ſeamſtreſs, and well acquainted with the various duties of a female houſe ſervant.

For terms apply to Mr. Joſhua Riddle.

Jan. 10. d2w

The Executors

Of Mr. William Triplett, deceaſed, have an anxious wiſh to ſettle the eſtate accounts with the Court as ſoon as poſſible, they hereby give notice to the legatees, and others having unliquidated accounts, that they bring them forward for ſettlement, on or before the 15th inſtant. The legatees are requeſted particularly to attend to this notice, as the executors cannot proceed to make the dividend of ſuch part or parts of the eſtate, as hath come to their hands, until ſuch accounts are given in adjuſted and ſetled.

They will Sell,

for ready money at Mr. Gadſby's tavern, on Saturday the 28th inſt. three BANK SHARES of the augmented Stock of the Alexandria Bank, and on Monday the 30th inſt. on the premiſes,

They will Sell

the Tract of LAND called MARBLE HILL, on which Mr. William Triplett now lives; the number of acres will be aſcertained by actual ſurvey previous to the ſale. This land is fertile and tolerably improved; on it are a good farm houſe, (on a moſt elegant ſituation) a kitchen, meat houſe, corn houſe, ſtable, garden and orchards of good fruit trees. This land lies about two miles from Colcheſter, one and an half from the Occoquan Mills, where there are high prices given for every kind of country produce. The terms of ſale for the land will be the ſame as heretofore made known on the ſale of the other tracts. On the ſame day, and at the ſame place,

Will be Sold,

Mr. Triplett's right and intereſt he had in a Pew, No. ——, in Pohick Church, together with a few articles not ſold at the Round Hill ſale.

Charles Little, George Triplett, } Ex'tors Of Wm. Triplett.

Jan. 10 d30J

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber laſt night, an apprentice boy named SAMUEL ADAMS, ſeventeen years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſtout made, dark eyes and hair, and the upper lip rather ſhort. The above reward will be paid for bringing back the above named boy, with all reaſonable charges.

All perſons are cautioned againſt harbouring or carrying off the ſaid apprentice, as the law will be ſtrictly enforced.

ADAM LYNN.

Jan. 6. d3t

CONGRESS OF THE *UNITED STATES.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

October 26, 1803.

Debate on the Amendment to the Conſtitution.

CONTINUED.

(Mr. Huger's ſpeech continued.)

Some obſervations have nevertheleſs, fallen from two gentlemen (both of them from the very reſpectable ſtate of Virginia) which appear to me peculiarly worthy of attention. The one (Mr. Clopton) has preſented to us a view of the ſubject, which, although I by no means think the correct one, is evidently that, in which moſt of the gentlemen in this houſe have regarded it, and in which perſons out of doores are for the moſt part wont to conſider this, and indeed every other conſtitutional queſtion. I have liſtened to him however with great pleaſure, and from the ingenuity and information which pervaded ſuch of his arguments, as I could fully comprehend, I feel much regret that the utmoſt attention on my part (owing partly to the feebleneſs of his voice, and partly to the unfavorable ſituation of his ſeat) did not enable me always to connect his ideas and arguments, and perfectly to underſtand him. This gentleman ſeems, for the moment, to have forgotten that the government, under which we live, is formed upon *federative* no leſs than upon *republican* principles, and though wiſhing to introduce an important alteration in our national compact, puts the compact itſelf, the ſpirit with which it was formed, the vital principles upon which it was eſtabliſhed, entirely out of the queſtion. He takes an abſtract view of the ſubject as if it had no connection whatever with other parts and principles of the compact, carries us back to a ſtate of nature, and ſeems to regard it as a radical error in the conſtitution—that the proviſions and modifications it contains, are not ſolely founded upon the broad baſis of population and numbers. He talks to us of the rights of man in a ſtate of nature—of the origin of the ſocial compact—of the foundation upon which all governments ought to be formed, viz. the will of the people—and drawing his inference from theſe pure, unmixed and abſtract principles and theories, thinks, whilſt he ſhews us what whould be the moſt eligible mode of providing for the Executive branches of government, about to be formed for the firſt time into political exiſtence—he proves triumphantly and unanſweeably, that ſuch too ought to be the mode adopted by a union like ours, compoſed of ſo many diſtinct and independent ſovereignties of ſo old a date, and having ſuch various, diſtinct and complicated views and intereſts. Let me not, however, be miſunderſtood—I am not finding fault with, or condemning in the abſtract, the principles laid down by the honorable member. Still leſs would I be underſtood to deny that the conſtitution has been formed upon the broad baſis of the public good, and the will of the people of the reſpective ſtates, I well know (and it is for that very reaſon I feel ſo sincere an attachment to it) that the federal compact is founded upon liberal and genuine republican principles—but let not gentlemen in the mean time forget that the government under which we live is of a federate nature, and that theſe general, unmixed and abſtract principles, upon which we are called on excluſively to act, were then modified and practically applied to the wants, prejudices and clashing intereſts of a numerous and increaſing population, divided into a number of diſtinct ſovereignties, ſpread over a vaſt extent of country, by that very compact in which it is now propoſed to make ſo material and eſſential an alteration. This is the true point of view in which the ſubject ſhould be taken up; and I am happy in finding the idea of the gentleman's colleague, to whom I before alluded (Mr. J. Randolph) accord ſo perfectly with my own in the preſent inſtance, and that he too is of opinion that this is the true and proper point of view in which, not only the preſent, but every other propoſition to alter or amend the federal compact, ſhould invariably be conſidered, I ſay, ſir, I am truly happy to recollect that the ſentiments of that gentlemand and my own accord ſo perfectly on this part of the ſubject, for excluſive of the advantage which the weight of his authority muſt afford to my argument, I am free to acknowledge that it has frequently been a ſource of regret to me to find a difference in our view of things led me on ſo many occaſions to differ in opinion with moſt of the companions of my youth, whom I have met on this floor, and whom I have for ſo many years been in the habit of regarding as perſons of honor and worth.

It was ſtated, and in my humble opinion correctly ſtated by the honorable member from Virginia (Mr. Randolph) of whom I have laſt ſpoken, ſome days ſince, that when we were about any alteration in the compact which unites theſe ſtates together, it behoves us not to take into view merely what we thought individually it ought to have been, or wiſhed it to be, nor what ſhape were we in convention for that purpoſe, we ſhould give it—but rather to conſider what ſhape had already been given to it, and what the compact, as it preſents itſelf to us in the conſtitution, now is. Taking up the ſubject then under this point of view, allow me, ſir, to put theſe queſtions to the Houſe. Let me ask what is the conſtitution of the United States? From what ſource did it originate? In what manner, by whom, from what cauſes, upon what principles, in what ſpirit was it originally adopted? Is it not a federative government, agreed upon between 13 diſtinct an ſeparate ſovereignties, for their mutual defence and protection?

Is it not in its eſſence, a compact a bargain, a perfect compromiſe of the intereſts, powers, influence and rights of a number of independent ſocieties, who have united for their common advantage and who are no further bound or pledged to each other than by the articles and conditions in the written contract—the conſtitution—which has been acceded to by them all? And is it not upon the ſpirit, in which the conditions of that compact was originally formed, that every amendment to or alteration in it, ſhould be predicated? Theſe queſtions muſt all be neceſſarily anſwered in the affirmative. The inhabitants of theſe United States did not then in forming the federal conſtitution, act in maſs, as one people, nor can the abſtract principles borrowed from different authors on the primeval formation of political ſocieties apply to them. The worn out theory of a number of inſulated beings aſſembled together in an extenſive plain and led by their common wants and neceſſities to form themſelves into a body politic, cannot be applied to the federal government, nor can inferences drawn from notions of this kind afford correct grounds upon which to build or ſupport alterations and amendments in the national compact.

(To be continued.)

Friday, January 6.

Mr. Bard. For many reaſons this houſe muſt have been juſtly ſurpriſed by a recent meaſure of one of the ſouthern ſtates. The impreſſions however, which that meaſure gave my mind, were deep and painful—had I been informed that ſome formidable foreign power had invaded our country, I would not, I ought not to be more alarmed than on hearing that South Carolina had repealed her law prohibiting the importation of ſlaves.

In the one caſe we would know what to do—The emergency itſelf would inſpire exertion, and ſuggeſt ſuitable means of repelling the attack—But here we are nonpluſſed and find ourſelves without reſource—Our hands are tied and we are obliged to ſtand confounded, while we ſee the flood gate opened, and pouring incalculable miſeries into our country—By the repeal of the law, freſh activity is given to the horrid traffic, which has been long ſince ſeriouſly regretted by the wiſe and humane, but none have been able to deviſe an adequate remedy to its dreadful conſequences.

Congreſs has but little power, or rather they have no power to prevent the growth of the evil—To impoſe a tax on imported ſlaves is the extent of their power; but every one muſt ſee that it is infinitely diſproportionate to what the morality, the intereſts, the peace and ſafety of individuals, and of the public, at this moment, demand.

And though in regard to their preſent case the power of the general goveenment may be inſufficient to check the miſchief, yet I hope they are diſpoſed to diſcourage it, as far as they are authoriſed by the conſtitution—Therefore I beg leave to offer the houſe the following reſolution.

Reſolved, That a tax of ten dollars be impoſed upon every ſlave imported into the United States.

Mr. Varnum preſented a repreſentation from the officers of the militia of the diſtrict of Columbia, praying certain alterations in their militia law.

Referred to a ſelect committee of five.

Dr. Mitchill from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was referred that part of the meſſage of the Preſident, that related to meaſures for preventing the improper uſe of the American flag, reported a bill to amend an act entitled an act concerning the recording and registering American veſſels.

Referred to a committee of the whole.

The Houſe reſumed the conſideration of Mr. J. Randolph's motion to appoint a committee to enquire into the official conduct of JUDGE CHASE.

Mr. Smilie opened the debate.

He was followed by Dr. Leib, who moved to amend the motion ſo as to embrace an enquiry into the official conduct of Richard Peters, district judge for the diſtrict of Pennſylvania, who preſided with Judge Chaſe at the trial of Fries.

This amendment was agreed to—the yeas and nays being called, were—Yeas 79—Nays 37.

The reſolution thus amended, was ſupported by Meſſrs. Findley, Jackſon, Nicholſon and Holland; and oppoſed by Meſſrs. Lowndes, R. Griſwold, Elliot and Dennis.

About 4 o'clock an adjournment was carried, Ayes 61—Noes 45.

Saturday January 7.

Mr. Nicholſon, from the committee on the memorial of Alexander Moultrie, agent for the South Carolina Yazoo Company, and of ——— agent of the Virginia Yazoo Company, made a report, going conſiderably into detail, and concluding with a reſolution, adverſe to the prayer of the memorialiſts.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday.

NORFOLK, Jan. 5.

Arrived in diſtreſs the ſchr. Diſpatch, capt. Robinſon, from Glaſgow bound to Richmond. On the 8th day after ſailing, being in lat. 30, long. 53, it blowing heavy and much ſea running, at meridian, the crew being on the quarter deck, the veſſel was ſtruck by a ſea which knocked her over on her beam ends, in which ſituation ſhe lay for 10 minutes, when the foremaſt gave way a few feet above deck, and ſhe righted. At this time all the crew but the chief mate were overboard; after ſome time the captain and 2d mate got on board by ſwimming, and though the ſea continued high the wreck was cleared, but not without difficulty, owing to the loſs of five of the crew; every thing on deck was waſhed overboard, the paſſengers in the cabin were much hurt, and the cargo ſhifted ſo much as to keep the lee gunwale under water; but after ſome time a jury maſt was got up, and the veſſel trimmed, with the aſſiſtance of the paſſengers. Spoke ſeveral veſſels, but could get no aſſiſtance from them, owing to the heavy gales. The following are the names of the perſons loſt overboard;

John Babcock, belonging to N. York.
Cæſar Purſley, William Johnſon, Iſham Stevens, Joſeph Jackſon, } from Richmond.

Public Sale,

On Thurſday next, the 12th inſtant, will be ſold at public auction,

All the perſonal Eſtate

of George Kilton, deceaſed, at the dwelling houſe of Mrs. Kilton, on King ſtreet between Columbus and Alfred ſtreets. The ſale will commence at three o'clock in the afternoon.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

Jan. 11.

DR. HALL

Finding it inconvenient to purſue the Drug buſineſs, inaſmuch as it interferes with his practice, has determined to cloſe his buſineſs in Royal Street and direct his attention ſolely to the Practice of Phyſic, Surgery, and Midwifery.

For the confidence repoſed in him, ſince his eſtabliſhment in this place as a practitioner, he thus publicly makes his acknowledgments.—His Shop will in a few days be removed to his Dwelling Houſe immediately oppoſite Mott's Tavern.

January 11. d3t

The Freeholders and Housekeepers of the Town of Alexandria,

WILL pleaſe to take notice, that a POLL will be opened at the Court Houſe, in the Council Chamber, on the 14th day of February, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpoſe of chooſing "twelve fit and able men, being freeholders," to repreſent the Corporation, as Mayor, Aldermen and Common Councilmen for the preſent year.

Geo. Drinker, Collector.

Jan. 11. d4w

☞ Thoſe citizens who are in arrears for Corporation Taxes, are hereby requeſted to pay up the ſame, or the Collector will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of proceeding againſt them as the law directs.

Notice

Is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,

THAT a dividend of five per cent. on the capital ſtock of ſaid Bank, for the half year ending this day is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them or their repreſentatives on Thurſday next, the 5th inſtant.

By order of the Preſident and Directors

Gurden Chapin, *Caſhier.*

Jan. 2, 1804. d3w

Notice.

To the Marine Inſurance Company of Alexandria.

THE Stockholders in this inſtitution are hereby informed that a dividend of five per cent. is this day declared, payable to them or their legal repreſentatives, in ten days after this date.

By Order.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'ry.

Jan. 2. (J3) d

For Sale,

4000 buſhels of Richmond Coal.

Apply to Wm. OXLEY.

Dec. 27.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12.

Mr. Snowden,

A subscriber to your paper and a considerable Rockholder, in the Bank of Alexandria, proposes the following gentleman as Directors at the approaching election, whom he believes will be supported:

Richard M. Scott,
John Janney,
John Dunlap,
John Dundass,
William Herbert,
Richard Conway,
Charles Simms,
George Gilpin,
William Newton,
William Hodgson.

—

On Tuesday morning last, Mr. *John Randolph*, of Chesterfield, was found dead in his bead, occasioned by being shot through the head with a pistol. His son has since bee committed to jail under suspicion of being the author of this horrid act.

Fredericksburg Paper.

—

It is not long since we were obliged by our editorial duty to draw the eye of the public upon the conduct of a Washington City paper, high in the interests, and it is said much under the direction of the executive government. Speaking of the salaries given to the present public officers, it thought proper to justify them by assuming in addition to the authority of the present anti-federal party, that of the late federal administration. For the purpose of justifying a measure which needed no justification, the sapient essayist exposed the absurdity and misconduct of his own party, who heretofore opposed and stigmatized as infamous corruption that very measure. On that occasion we said that if the writer had been bribed to render his own party contemptible so far, and to elevate the federal in the public opinion, he could not have more completely fulfilled his purpose. We have the same observation now to make respecting the remarks in that paper on the late important intelligence from the Mediterranean. On this subject the Editor of the print referred to, most kindly to the federalist, and foolishly as respects his own party, enters into a comparison of the expence attending the present navy with that attending the larger navy of the federal administration. To the conduct of the navy in the Mediterranean, to the spirit and fair conduct of the existing administration towards the Emperor of Morocco, we are willing to offer the tribute of applause.—Why will not the anti-federal scribes let the thing rest on its own bottom. Why will they, by an attempt to institute a comparison where no comparison is necessary, compel us again to lug them forth, and display those vain efforts to deceive the people into an unjust opinion of their opponents, which when truly and fairly developed, must shew them to infinite disadvantage. What puerile perversity of intellect, what perversness of enmity must that be, which influences a man to attempt the injury of another, at the hazard of shame to himself.

That it was rung through the union that the present administration was pusillanimous, and unqualified to meet with spirit those great national perils that await all nations, is very true. And it is not less true than the imputation was correct. It is not now when a total change of counsels has taken place in the Executive Cabinet, that we are to be turned back, and the value and truth of our assertions then estimated by what has happened since. We still maintain that the whole of the antifederal policy at that time did not only strongly savor of pusillanimity, but was really and essentially pusillanimous. If we see our just rights wrung by violence out of our hands without direct reparation being extorted by force from the encroachers, what can truly be said but that patience is pusillanimity? Had England not gone to war with France, the evils of that pusillanimity would be at this time all about us.

When the essayist makes a comparison between the expences of the navy in the years from 1797 to 1801, & the present time, is it possible he can be unmindful that no more comparison can subsist between them than between the present war establishment in England, and the lowest peace establishment they have had in that country for the last 30 years? Is it possible he can be unmindful that we are now in a state of peace, and that then we were obliged to arm to repel the aggressions of the belligerent powers, of Europe—one of whom looked to us with an aspect at least rub us—while the other actually compelled us to commence hostilities, and to take some of her ships.

Can he have so forgotten the history of that time, as to compare that period of danger, with this "piping time of peace?" Can he have forgotten that there were then necessarily put in commission a number of vessels, the proportion of which to that of the present day, though we cannot precisely ascertain it at present, was at least as five to one;* that those vessels were cruising in the West Indies, and in the Mediterranean, and hovering over its coast for its protection; that by them we gained renown in arms as a maritime power; that the victualing, repairing and manning of that navy must have cost an immense sum, as it was raised in a hurry, on the pressing exigency of a moment, and that a great part of that expence revolved back into the present treasury, when those ships and provisions were sold? Can he we say, have forgotton all those things? We say he cannot—The comparison therefore must have been made to blind the people, whom it is their duty to enlighten—to lead astray with will o'the wisp stories those whom they are bound in conscience to set right.

For our parts, we are determined to speak the truth as far as we can get at it; to look to measures not to men; to set the people to the best of our judgements right; to do all in our power to enforce the due execution of the magistracy of the country; to bring before the tribunal of the public, the magistrate who mal administers, and to do ample justice to him who administers well. That which ought to be the oject of every American is ours—to see the Federal constitution duly administered in all its parts; and to care not a cent who administers it, provided he does his duty well, and with spirit—to censure the President where he does ill, even though he were a Washington; and to applaud where he deserves it, whoever he may be, provided he is the magistrate of the Constitution and the people's choice. Follow this precept Messrs. Antifeds, and do not be forever muddling and smothering important questions in the feculence of party rancour and misrepresentation.

Let us now once again (the truth twice at least) remind those gentlemen that their party did every thing which violent speechifying within doors, and demagogical misrepresentation and artifice without, could do, to prevent the building of a single ship—Let us remind them that when the proposal was first made to prepare a maratime armament to protect the country and its commerce, from French insult and aggression, those very gentlemen who now applaud the use that has been made of its miserable remnant, did then exclaim against it as a monstrous project. Let us remind them that Mr. W. B. Giles of Virginia, did in Congress exclaim with exultation and boastful triumph, "Thank God, the trees that are to build those ships are still growing in the forest."

(Ch. Courier.)

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* *In* 1800, *the vessels in commission were.* 15 *from* 32 *to* 44 *guns*—21 *from* 14 *to* 26—2 *of* 2, *and* 2 *of* 10.

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As the press in general, and every newspaper in France, is now completely under the dominion of the First Consul, the public may safely consider every thing respecting political matters, found in them, as coming forth with the authority of the *Corsican Consular Christiano-Mahomedan* tyrant, and his cabinet. Exclusive of that consideration, the marks which it internally bears, and its family likeness to all the other half-cunning, half-mad gasconades of the consular cabinet, and the unprincipled deceptions by which they misguide that abused people, the French, are sufficient evidence of the source from which the address to the seamen of France, published in the Courier of the 28th ult. has issued. Every circumstance (to them it is no matter whether true or false) is collected there, combined together and compressed into a short view, to rouse the anger of the French nation, and the avarice of the consular seamen and soldiery; to whet the revenge of the one, and inflame the cupidity of the other. Every thing that can inveigle them into certain ruin and destruction, by diminishing the magnitude of the danger, and enlarging the prospect of success; by depreciating the vigor and valour of Great Britain, and puffing and swelling up the bubble of French vain glory to a size enormous beyond all former example—preposterous even for French revolutionists.

But when the blow comes to be struck, & this bubble of Bonaparte's breath shall burst; when the seamen and soldiers find as they did in Egypt, and as they certainly will if they invade England, that *in British hands they are not "invincible,"* and that the Corsican Hydra, that hedious snake with all the horrid succession of myriads of heads which he may send forth, will be crushed by the British Hercules; when they find that instead of having friends and auxiliaries in England, they will meet a nation to a man unanimous in abhorrence of them, and instead of finding friends to join them in Ireland, will find a people to tell them whith their bayonets to their scraggy necks, that they have already had too much of oppression under the specious form of fraternity, to be duped by the worn out tricks of France, into a total extinction even of those feeble hopes which dawn upon them now; when they find that instead of having their pockets filled with gold, they will have their pates covered with hard blows, and instead of being treated with the beef and bread of Leaden hall or Fleet Markets, they will be made *"to bite the dust;"* when a million of widows, orphans and unhappy relatives, shall call in distraction and despair for their hopes, their support, their ALL, buried in the deep or rotting in the earth of Great Britain, and scream murderer! murderer! in the ears of him whose mad ambition, unprincipled views, and adamaatine heart, had sent them to an untimely grave: then will that colossus which now bestrides France, and looks to fix one foot on Great Britain be tumbled down never to be raised again.

To look beyond that—Gracious God, what a prospect! And eternity of torment for the miserable phantoms, the baubles, the toys and play things which that *devil child* of ambition pursues. What must it be when, as the door between this life and eternity opens, and is just going to be closed for ever, the wretched soul shall pray for anihilation as an act of heavens mercy—and the millions of souls sent to their dread account with all their sins upon their heads, by his wickedness, by his sword, by his fire, or by his — ——— at Jaffa, shall gather round and down the voice of his prayers with cries for justice on their destroyer. *Ibid.*

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From the N. Y. Morning Chronicle.

ACADEMY OF ARTS.

"Still to new scenes the wanring muse retires,
"And the dumb show of breathing rocks admires;
"Where the smooth chisel all its force has shewn,
"And softened into flesh the rugged stone.
"In solemn silence, a majestic band,
"Heroes and Gods, and Roman Consuls stand;
"Stern tyrants, whom their cruelties renown,
"And Emperors, in Parian marble frown.
"While the bright dames, to whom they humbly sued,
"Still shewn those charms, that their proud hearts subdued."

The New York Academy of arts, is now open. The gentlemen under whose liberal patronage the institution has been established, must be pleased to find, though but at present in its infancy, that it exhibits a collection of taste and elegance; at once useful and ornamental; useful to the student, solicitous regularly to cultivate the polite arts, and ornamental to the City which has given its birth.

It is surely in an infant country a very interesting exhibition, not only to artists, but to Americans at large.

In the rotunda of the Pantheon, the young student may pass his hours in uninterrupted study, cultivating his taste by contemplating the most correct models of ancient sculpture. Institutions like this, have, in the opinion of philosophers and statesmen, a tendency to soften and humanize the mind, and they have therefore made them the repository of materials, on which genius may exercise its powers to advantage, and without which, the strongest intellect may be fruitlessly or deviously employed. It is their opinion that by studying these authentic models, that idea of excellence which is the result of the accumulated experience of past ages, may at once be acquired. The student here receives at a single glance, the correct principles which many artists have spent their whole lives in ascertaining, and satisfied with their effect, is spared the painful investigation by which they came to be known and fixed. In addition to the statues and busts which at present adorn the Pantheon, will be shortly added, correct copies of those works of art which formerly adorned the Italian galleries.

The Parisian schools are now in possession of (with but very few exceptions) all the chief d'œuvres both in painting and sculpture, and a skilful artist is in the act of collecting, such as will best answer the objects of this institution. [The subject of one of the pictures is the elevating of the Cross, from a highly finished picture of Rubens, the other the entombing of Christ, from an original of Michael Angelo Carravagio, which for strength of colouring and expression has never been excelled, these will be accompanied, by an historical landscape of Poussion, and a copy from a head of Rembrant, as a specimen of that master, with a number of other paintings mostly original.]

It is the merit of the pictures, not the choice of the subjects that directs the taste of the agents, and there is every reason to expect, when collected, they will not only fully answer the object of instructing the youth of our country, but generally be grateful to the public eye—The rotunda of the Pantheon, at present presents in regular succession the busts of Seneca, Niobe, Euripides and Roma, the full figure of Germanicus, and the bust of Demosthenes, the mild and highly finished figure of Ceres—the groupe of Laocoon shewing the struggles of a man in full vigor, falling a sacrifice, with his two sons within the folds of serpents—from this strongly deliniated and painful groupe, the mind is strongly relieved by passing to the Grecian Cupid and contemplating the interesting beauties of the Venus of the Capitol, from whence on elevating the eye the full vigour of the Apollo of Belvidere arrests the attention, forces a pause, and demands the tribute of wonder and approbation; which being paid, the Gladiator in full vigour, with every nerve extended in the attitude of defence, but strongly collected for assault, with a cautious countenance and threatening eye, coursing with measured step the arena, will be found meriting attention.

The beautiful Torse of a Venus, and highly finished associated figures of Castor and Pollux with the retiring beauties of a Venus from the bath, leads you to the interesting groupe of the family of Niobe—then descending to the court of Hermaphrodite, you contemplate in one form the characteristic beauties of an eligant youth, with the attractive graces and softly swelling out lines of the virgin form.

An handsome burst of the effeminate Bachus leads to the burst of Homer and a grecian head, with Hippocrates you complete the circle; and are at liberty to re-contemplate any individual groupe of figure as taste may dictate or fancy may point the way—each seperate figure being particularly described in a small phamphlet, to be obtained at the door.

—

The magistrates of a northern town in England have fixed in all the public places of resort the following, painted on a board in large letters:

"*To the Ladies.*—Genteel women who *amuse* their *idle* hours in *working*, frequently throw scraps of linen and cotton of various kinds into the fire. It is requested most humbly, that every lady will preserve these trifles, and direct their maid servants to sell them, because the so doing will prevent 60,000l. being annually *exported* to foreign countries, for the *importation* of old rags to make paper, and which in consequence will become cheaper."

IN THE PRESS,
And will be published in a few days,
By ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,
Booksellers and Stationers, King street,
THE
New American Clerk's Magazine,
AND
YOUNG CONVEYANCER'S
POCKET COMPANION:

CONTAINING
All the necessary forms of—Articles of Agreement, Bonds, Bills, Recognizances, Levies and Releases Letters and Powers of Attorney, Awards, Bills of Sale, Gifts, Grants, Assignments, Mortgages, Surrenders, Jointures, Covenants, Copartnerships, Declarations, Letters of License, &c.

WITH
Necessary directions for making Distresses for Rent, &c. as the law between Landlord and Tenant now stands.

THE WHOLE
Made conformable to the Laws of the United States, and adapted more particularly to the State of Virginia.

—

R. and J. GRAY have lately received a few copies of the Revised Code of Virginia Laws

Jan. 12. d

Wanted to Hire or Purchase,
A steady good MAN SERVANT. Also, a good GARDNER.
None need apply but those that can be well recommended for their honesty, industry and sobriety.
J. SWIFT.
Jan. 12. eo3t

Just received and for Sale,
Sweet Cyder by the barrel,
Apples do.
N. England Rum do.
Candles by the box,
Pork by the barrel,
2000 lbs. excellent R. Island Cheese,
Spiced Salmond in 2 and 4 gallon kegs,
Raisins by the box,
Prune, Almonds, English Walnuts,
Shellbarks, Chesnuts, sweet Oranges,
Limes, Lemons,
Green Grapes by the jar or pound,
Codfish for family use,
600 bushels R. I Potatoes,
And a general assortment of Groceries.
A. WILLIS.
Jan. 12. d

STOUGHTON'S
GENUINE BITTERS,
Faithfully prepared at the original warehouse London.

TO make any observations here, upon the superior quality of these Bitters, to any ever offered for sale, is needless; suffice it to say, that they have stood the test of approbation a great number of years.

Gentlemen, who prefer bitters, will find them an elegant and wholesome preparation; and now, for the first time, imported in quart bottles, as well as vials, which will reduce the price near one half.

☞ Country stores and taverns supplied by the dozen or grose, with a very large allowance in the price, or bartered for country produce, on application to Messrs. Robert and John Gray, booksellers, Alexandria.

Sold also. (Retail)
By Rapine, Conrad and Co. booksellers, Capitol Hill, Washington; John March, bookseller, George Town; Tillotson Graham, Norfolk, and A. Buck, Fredericksburg.
Nov. 5 3mtsw

☞ *Wanted as Apprentices to the Printing Business, two lads of reputable connexions. Apply at this Office.*

JOHN G. LADD

Has for Sale at his warehouse, Prince ſtreet wharf,

3000 buſhels coarſe Salt,
15 hhds W. India Rum,
30 pipes beſt Holland Gin,
150 bls. Beef and Pork,
A quantity of Soal Leather and Shoes of all ſorts,
50 pieces of Ruſſia Duck,
100 boxes mould and dipp'd tallow Candles,
50 do. Spermaceti do.
7 hhds. and 80 bls. Sugar,
10 do. Molaſſes,
2 tons of Cordage aſſorted,
2 caſes bandanna Handkerchiefs,
7 bales India Cottons,
A few Feather Beds with Pillows and Bolſters the beſt Ticking,
An aſſortment of playing and blank Cards,
Bar Iron, Stone Lime refined,
Salt Petre, Ground Ginger, Pearl Aſh,
Rice, Starch, Writing Paper, Glaſs, Hops,
Cotton Yarn aſſorted, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. d

JANNEY and PATON

Have juſt received, per the brig Polly, and for Sale,

24 hhds. } *New England Rum,*
56 bls. }
75 tons Plaiſter Paris.

And on hand, as uſual, a general aſſortment of GROCERIES. And about

1250 tons Plaiſter.

Farmers will find it to their intereſt, when purchaſing, to look at this plaiſter, as they certainly will be able to pleaſe themſelves as to quality. It lays very convenient to a water carriage, and may be put on board a veſſel free of cartage.

Dec. 9 d

SPANISH HIDES.

2000 Spaniſh Hides juſt received by the ſloop Preſident from Cuba, and for ſale by

JOHN TUCKER.

Who has on hand,

16,000 lbs. Green Coffee, Muſcovado Sugar, in hhds. and bbls. ſpinning Cotton, and a quantity of coarſe Salt, &c. &c.

He will alſo give orders for cargoes of Salt at Turks Iſland, payable in the United States, three months after the delivery.

January 7 eo4w

ELEGANT EDITION
OF
The HOLY BIBLE.

PROPOSALS

For Printing by Subſcription, (in four handſome octavo volumes)

THE HOLY BIBLE,

CONTAINING

The Old and New Teſtaments.

CONDITIONS.

It ſhall be printed on a ſuper-fine wove paper, with an elegant new type.

The price to ſubſcribers will be *Two Dollars* per vol. in boards, or *Two Dollars* and *Fifty Cents*, handſomely bound and lettered.

To thoſe who ſubſcribe for ſeveral copies, a diſcount will be made, proportioned to the number ſubſcribed for.

THE advantage of having this invaluable Book printed on a large type, and, at the ſame time, in portable and convenient volumes, appears ſo evident, that the encouragement neceſſary to warrant an undertaking of ſuch magnitude, is confidently expected; a portable volume would often be taken up in a moment of leiſure, when the ſize of a large, unwieldy folio, would operate as an apology for leaving it unopened, in this way, ſmall portions of time would be profitably employed, which might otherwiſe be totally loſt. To large families a Bible in volumes, affording an opportunity for ſeveral to read at once, may ſometimes be peculiarly convenient; it ſeems ſuperfluous to add much on this ſubject—ſuffice it to ſay that no reaſonable expence or pains ſhall be ſpared, to render this edition of the Holy Scriptures both correct and elegant.

The above work is in preſs, and will be finiſhed about the end of the preſent year.

☞ Subſcriptions received by R. and J. Gray, King ſtreet, where a ſpecimen of the paper and printing may be ſeen.

S. THOMEE

Begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced buſineſs in the line of

GILDING
And Enamelling on Glaſs,

a few doors above the Waſhington Tavern. Looking Glaſs and Picture Frames made and

REGILT.

NEEDLE WORK

framed in a handſome manner,

And NAMES done on GLASS.

S. THOMEE, as a teacher being determined to ſtand or fall with himſelf in the line of his profeſſion, ſolicits but encouragement alone which his truths to the kindneſs of his charges and his aſſiduity to buſineſs may entitle him to.

Window Cornices handſomely Gilt, and every thing in his line done to pleaſe the fancy of the purchaſer, as to any imported.

☞ He has ſome glaſſes and prints for ſale on reaſonable terms.

Dec. 30. d3m

☞ Caſh given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags.

INDIA GOODS.

I have received twenty four bales of India Goods

CONSISTING OF

Beerbom Gurrahs,	Gazapoore do.
Beerpoore Coſſahs,	Patna Chintz,
Mow Sunnas,	Mizzipoore do.
Johanna do.	Blue Gilla Hhfs.
Mamarapoore do.	Sooty Romall do.
Jallapoore do.	

Benjamin Shreve.

Nov. 2. d

By Authority.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,
TO BUILD
A Catholic Cathedral Church,
In the City of Baltimore.

1	Prize of			20 000
1	do.			10 000
2	do.	5000	are	10 000
5	do.	1000		5000
10	do.	500		5000
25	do.	200		5000
200	do.	100		20 000
200	do.	50		10 000
200	do.	25		5000
2500	do.	20		50,000
4000	do.	15		60 000
	1ſt dr. tic't af'r	2000		500
	1ſt do.	4000		500
	1ſt do.	6000		500
	1ſt do.	8000		500
	1ſt do.	10,000		500
	1ſt do.	12,000		500
	1ſt do.	15,000		500
	1ſt do.	18,000		500
	1ſt do.	20,000		2000
	1 laſt drawn ticket which may have a Blank to its Number,			4000

Having a Blank to its Number,

7154 Prizes, 210 000
13846 Blanks—*not 2 to a prize.*

21,000 Tickets at 10 dols. each, 210,000

The laudable purpoſe of this lottery, the many very valuable prizes offered, and there not being two blanks to a prize, are conſiderations which give the Managers reaſon to hope for a rapid ſale of the tickets. The drawing will commence as ſoon as a ſufficient number of Tickets ſhall be ſold to authorize it: and *thirty days* after the completion of the drawing, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers; ſubject to a deduction of *Fifteen per cent.* Such prizes as ſhall not be demanded within *twelve months* after the drawing is finiſhed, ſhall be conſidered as relinquiſhed for the benefit of the Church.

Tickets to be had of the Managers, or of ſuch perſons as may be appointed by them.

Managers.
Right Rev. Biſhop *Carrol,*
Rev. *Francis Breſton,*
Meſſrs. *David Williamſon,*
Robert Walſh,
Chas Ghequiere,
Patrick Bennet,
Arnold Livers,
Luke Tiernan,
F. I. Mitchell,

☞ Tickets in the above lottery to be had at the ſtore of T. L. Waſhington and Co. Fairfax ſtreet, Alexandria.

Auguſt 13. 1aw

This is to give Notice,

THAT the ſubſcriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria County, in the Diſtrict of Columbia, Letters of Adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *David Graham*, late of the ſaid county of Alexandria, deceaſed. All perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber at or before the 1ſt day of July next; they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate.

Given under my hand this 21ſt day of December, 1805.

David Wilſon Scott,
Adminiſtrator of David Graham, deceaſed.

All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the Adminiſtrator.

Dec. 21. 2aw6w

This is to give Notice,

That the ſubſcriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of the county of Alexandria, in the Diſtrict of Columbia, Letters of Adminiſtration on the perſonal property of *Margaret Love*, late of Alexandria, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber at or before the 14th day of June next; they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate.

Given under my hand this 14th day of Dec. 1803.

Thomas Vowell, jun.
Adminiſtrator.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate will pleaſe make immediate payment to the adminiſtrator.

Dec. 19 1aw6t

HENNING'S
NEW VIRGINIA JUSTICE,
For Sale at
ROBERT and JOHN GRAY's Book Store,
King ſtreet.

For Sale, by
ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,
WHEATON's
GENUINE PATENT JAUNDICE
BITTERS,

A MEDICINE extremely uſeful when Jaundicy and Billious Complaints are ſo prevalent among the citizens of America and the Weſt Indies. They are a uſeful and efficacious Medicine for curing Jaundicy and Billious diſorders, and removing that ſinking, faint, diſtreſſed feeling at the ſtomach, difficulty of breathing, loſs of appetite, and ſleepy, dull heavineſs in the fore-part of the day, weakneſs and trembling of the limbs, dizzineſs of the head, and yellowneſs of countenance, complaints ſo common to jaundicy and billious people.

Alſo removing conſtipation of the bowels, obſtructions of urine, cholicy complaints, pukings and purgings, indigeſtion, ſick head ache, rheumatic complaints, &c. (which ariſe from a collection of ſour, billious matter in the ſtomach) and at length reſtoring the conſtitution to ſtrength and vigor.

They are alſo found very uſeful to carry off worms, and cure ricketty children, and may be uſed with ſafety in all conſtitutions, ages and ſexes.

The many cures that have been effected in New England, by the above medicine, (as may be ſeen in the bills) prevent the neceſſity of further recommendation.

LIKEWISE,

Wheaton's Patent Itch Ointment.

The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the ITCH, without having in it any thing either dangerous or diſagreeable; it being compoſed moſtly of ingredients never before diſcovered or uſed in that diſorder. One box cures a perſon, and there need be no waſhing after the uſe of it, as the ſkin is generally left cleaner and ſmoother after the uſe of it than before.

HUGH SMITH

Has received by the Ann, the United States, and the Orion, from Liverpool,

A complete aſſortment of Queen's Ware,

and can now ſupply country merchants on the ſhorteſt notice. Has alſo received a number of well aſſorted

ASSORTED CRATES,

in excellent condition.—Has for ſale as uſual

China and Glaſs Ware.

Likewiſe for ſale, Pipes by the box, Crowley Steel, New Caſtle Grindſtones.

Oct. 29. 16 o

TO BE SOLD,

On Monday the 16th day of January, 1804, at the late dwelling of Col. Willoughby Tebbs, in the town of Dumfries, to the higheſt bidder, on a credit of 6 months,

All the perſonal Eſtate,

of the late Willoughby Tebbs, conſiſting of

NEGROES,

Cows, Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture, and Farming Utenſils. Bond and good ſecurity will be required of the purchaſers. The bonds muſt bear intereſt from the date, if not punctually paid.

All perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of the ſaid Tebbs are deſired to bring them in; and all thoſe who may be indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment.

John M. Muſchett,
Adminiſtrator.

Jan. 9. d3t

I will Rent,

For one year on moderate terms, and give immediate poſſeſſion, my

HOUSES and LOTS,

in the town of Dumfries, adjoining the court houſe, and lately occupied by captain George Williams, as a tavern. The terms will be made known on application to Mr. William Smith, of Dumfries, or the ſubscriber.

The above property will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on a credit of one, two, and three years, at Prince William court houſe, on the 5th day of March next, being court day. A clear and indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer, or purchaſers, on the day of ſale; he or they giving bonds with approved ſecurity, to bear intereſt from the date if not punctually paid.

A minute deſcription of this property is deemed unneceſſary, as it is preſumed thoſe inclined to rent or purchaſe, will firſt view the premiſes.

James Mitchell.

Dec. 22. 2aw2w

In the caſe of John B. Armiſtead,
A BANKRUPT.

A ſale of all the effects ſurrendered by the ſaid John B. Armiſtead to the commiſſioners, will take place at Middleburg, in the county of Loudoun, on Wendeſday the firſt day of February next, at which time and place the creditors are notified to attend, in order to direct the terms of the ſale. It is only within a few days that papers have got to hand, relating to a claim which the ſaid Armiſtead gave up, againſt Zachariah Coxe for 160,000 acres of Land, in the purchaſe made by the ſaid Coxe of the ſtate of Georgia; the want of theſe papers together with the expectation that ſome compromiſe would take place between the claimaints of Land by purchaſe from the ſtate of Georgia, and the Congreſs of the United States, by which value would be affixed to this claim, has delayed the ſale till the time now ſet.

LEVEN POWELL, junr.
Truſtee appointed by the creditors of J. B. Armiſtead.

December 31. 3tw1F

NOTICE.

Loſt or Miſlaid—A certificate for twenty ſhares, in the Marine Inſurance Company of Alexandria, granted to Wm. Hartſhorne and Sons, and numbered from ſix thouſand five hundred ſeventy one to ſix thouſand five hundred and ninety, inclusive.

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

1ſt Mo. 10th. 1aw6w

The Partnerſhip

Of George Lee and Charles Coones trading under the firm of *Lee & Coones*, is this day diſſolved, of which thoſe concerned will be pleaſed to take notice.

GEORGE LEE.
CHARLES COONES.

Charles County, 6th Jan. 1aw3t

☞ *The Editor of the Waſhington Federaliſt will pleaſe inſert the above once a week for three weeks.*

To Let,

THE frame Warehouſe on King ſtreet, two doors above Pitt Street, now occupied by Ambroſe Vaſſe. Poſſeſſion will be given on the 27th of this month—apply, in the abſence of the ſubſcriber, to Col. Dennis Ramſey.

R. I. TAYLOR.

Auguſt 15. eo

By virtue of a Deed of Truſt from Thomazin Ellzey, the ſubſcriber, for the purpoſe of paying a debt due from ſaid Thomazin Ellzey, to Daniel M'Carty Chicheſter, will be expoſed to ſale, for ready money, on the 8th day of February next, at one o'clock, P. M. at Fairfax Court Houſe,

TWO TRACTS OF LAND

in the county of Fairfax, lying on the north fork of Pohick Run—ſuppoſed to contain about 500 acres.

Doddridge Pitt Chicheſter.

Jan. 7. 1aw4w

For Sale,

On eaſy terms, a LOT of GROUND on St. Aſaph, near Prince ſtreet, in the town of Alexandria, on which is a convenient brick building now in the tenure of Mr. PLUMB, to whom application may be made to Mr. JOHN LONGDEN, who will ſhew the premiſes and make known the terms.

MUNGO DYKES.

January 5. eo3t

SUBSCRIPTIONS

To a new, correct and elegant Edition of that truly claſſical and juſtly celebrated work,

GIBBON'S HISTORY
OF THE
DECLINE AND FALL
OF THE
ROMAN EMPIRE:

By Meſſrs. BIRCH and SMALL, of Philadelphia, will be received by

JAMES KENNEDY, ſen.
at the Alexandria Library.

NO book ever offered to the public ſtands leſs in need of encomium and recommendation. It has been read in every European language. To thoſe who have not peruſed its pages, it may be neceſſary to obſerve—that the hiſtory of that long and intereſting period, from the reign of Auguſtus to the taking of Conſtantinople and the death of Mahomet 2d. is no where elſe to be found in ſuch regular and well compoſed arrangement. In giving this edition of it from the American preſs, it is preſumed that the publiſhers render a ſervice to their country. Its ſuperiority will be ſufficiently evident from the following

PROSPECTUS.

It will be enriched with Memoirs of the Life and Writings of the Author, written by himſelf, and will contain near 200 pages more than the London edition, though it will be one third cheaper. It will be embelliſhed with an elegant head of the author; two whole ſheet maps, one of the Eaſtern and one of the Weſtern part of the Roman Empire, and a map of the parts of Europe adjacent to Conſtantinople. The execution of the work will be in the beſt ſtile, of which Ruſſel's Ancient and Modern Europe, the Domeſtic Encyclopædia, and Tucker's Blackſtone from the ſame preſs, may afford a juſt ſpecimen; in ſhort, it will be the moſt complete edition of Gibbon extant.

Conditions.

1ſt. It will be be printed from the laſt London edition, and publiſhed in eight Octavo volumes during the year 1804.

2d. It will be delivered to thoſe ſubſcribers, who take it in volumes, at *Two Dollars* per volume in boards.

Thoſe who wait for a completion of the work may have it either at *Sixteen Dollars*, in boards, or in good and handſome binding at *Twenty Dollars*, payable on delivery.

King ſtreet, Dec. 16. 1aw3t

Wanted to Hire,

A MAN COOK—For one well acquainted with his buſineſs generous wages will be given. Apply to the Printer.

December 27. d

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. SNOWDEN.